STEVEN KNURR, Individually . Civil Action No. 1:16cv1031

and On Behalf of All Others . Similarly Situated; and .

CONSTRUCTION LABORERS PENSION . TRUST OF GREATER ST. LOUIS, .

Plaintiffs,

vs. . Alexandria, Virginia

July 6, 2018

ORBITAL ATK, INC., et al., . 10:54 a.m.

Defendants.

TRANSCRIPT OF MOTIONS HEARING
BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL S. NACHMANOFF
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

## APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFFS: JOHN C. HERMAN, ESQ.

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(APPEARANCES CONT'D. ON PAGE 2)

(Pages 1 - 59)

(Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by computerized transcription.)

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     log provided on June 19 of 221 documents; isn't that correct?
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               MR. JONES: Yes, Your Honor, that's correct.
               THE COURT: And have any of those 221 documents now
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    been provided pursuant to a reevaluation or further discussion?
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               MR. JONES: We have not received a revised privilege
     log nor any subsequent production that I'm aware of, so no. I
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    believe as it stands, the company is maintaining its assertions
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     of privilege over all of those documents.
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               THE COURT: Those 221 documents?
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               MR. JONES: Correct.
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               THE COURT: And then there were 7,700 documents that
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     were not on a privilege log that were under review by Orbital,
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     but I believe PwC indicated they planned to provide some or all
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     of those by today; is that correct?
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               MR. JONES: That's correct, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: And have those been provided?
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               MR. JONES: Not to my knowledge, no.
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               THE COURT: Okay. And we don't know what number of
     those have been provided or whether or not there's going to be
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     a new privilege log.
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               MR. JONES: Correct, Your Honor. I -- based on the
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     representations of counsel, I anticipate there will be
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     additional privilege logs. When we receive that, I, I do not
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     know. There's been no representation.
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               THE COURT: And then in your motion, in addition to
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the 221 documents on the privilege log and the 7,700 documents under review by Orbital, there was also a reference to some unknown number of documents that were not on a privilege log and not included on the first two categories; is that correct?

MR. JONES: That's correct. Based on my understanding, representations from counsel for PwC, an initial privilege log was provided for the, the early productions of workpapers. There have been six, I believe. But in the subsequent productions, a number of documents were withhold, and those documents were not provided on the log that Your Honor mentioned, the 221 documents on June 19.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. JONES: As Your, Your Honor has very thoroughly

MR. JONES: As Your, Your Honor has very thoroughly laid out here, we are at a point where our expert disclosures are due, our depositions of the auditors are coming up within ten or twelve days, and we still are missing not only thousands of documents, but we don't have privilege logs for the company's assertions of privilege over an unknown number of documents.

And the point here, Your Honor, is not to get a privilege log. The point is to get the documents. So the company's delay here prejudices us in terms of our abilities to challenge these assertions, bring a motion, get the actual documents, and then use them in the, in the company made that we need to to move this case forward, and I think those issues

and the prejudice caused by them are even more clear based on a review of the privilege logs that have been provided and the facially deficient nature of them.

With regard to the substantive objections, my understanding is that the company is no longer asserting the attorney-client privilege over any of these documents. Now, that may be incorrect. I believe that's implied by the revised privilege log that Deloitte has provided, which removed all assertions of the attorney-client privilege, and the company made no representations as to the attorney-client privilege in their response papers. If I'm mistaken about that, I'm happy to address that further.

With regard to the work product protection, it's important to keep in mind that these are auditor workpapers, created for a business purpose, not in anticipation of litigation. These workpapers are required by the PCAOB to be specific. It sets forth what needs to be done, the work that needs to be done to do it, what documentation needs to be provided, and everything that needs to go into these workpapers.

This is audit work. This is not anticipation of litigation or analyzing legal claims. PwC and Deloitte would have done exactly what they did regardless of any threat of litigation.

The Court addressed a similar issue with regards to

the internal investigation, and it found that the internal investigation conducted by outside counsel at the direction of the company was for business purposes, but to be clear, there is no issue with the internal investigation here. PwC and Deloitte were not hired by that outside counsel to participate or help with the internal investigation. They were hired by the company to be their independent registered auditor, and everything they did that's in their workpapers was done for that purpose.

Now, I would like to make one final point here regarding the importance of these documents. The company has made clear that they intend to rely on the work of the auditors in defense to plaintiffs' claims. They intend to rely -- to assert that they relied in good faith. The auditors told us this is how we were supposed to do it; we did it; there's no scienter because we relied in good faith on those -- on the auditors' work.

Because they are relying on an auditor defense here, it is critical that we understand the full scope of the work and not just snippets or, or steps in the production. If we do not have the full workpapers, we cannot -- will not have a fair opportunity to refute the claims that the company relied in good faith on the auditors, and we will not be able to properly cross-examine PwC and Deloitte at their depositions.

I'm happy to answer any questions Your Honor has, but

1 those are the points that I wanted to highlight for the Court. 2 THE COURT: Thank you. 3 Mr. Warden? 4 MR. WARDEN: Thank you, Your Honor. If I may, I do 5 have a copy of the current privilege log, and I, I --6 THE COURT: Thank you. 7 MR. WARDEN: I think that most of this has been 8 discussed, Your Honor. There are 39 workpapers, all from the 9 restatement, that are at issue with respect to the motion directed at Deloitte. 10 11 The interview notes, that is, notes that the Deloitte 12 auditors took during read-outs from the investigative counsel, 13 those have all been provided to the plaintiffs and to the 14 defendants as well, and as you'll note from the log, the only 15 assertion by the company is attorney work product. 16 So that brings us here today. It's the company's 17 claim of work product. It's based on company's counsel 18 judgment. Deloitte doesn't take a position as to whether the 19 underlying material provided by the, by the company, by the 20 investigators and reflected in Deloitte's workpapers is, in 21 fact, work product. We do have a few observations about the 22 motion, however. 23 First, in both the motion itself and in the 24 memorandum in support, there's this notion of it's an unknown

there. They were there before the motion was filed.

Second, this, this issue didn't sneak up on the plaintiffs. There's a suggestion in their brief that somehow they were not aware of this until a few weeks ago that -- and when I say "this," I'm referring to the potential assertion by the company of work product in, in Deloitte's workpapers.

We set forth from the very inception of our meet and confer with Mr. Jones, and he and I have talked a lot over the last several weeks, and, and we have resolved all the workpaper issues except for this one issue over which Deloitte has no control, but from the inception of our discussions and as reflected in my April 4 letter to Mr. Jones, we flagged this issue that the company would be asserting work product and Deloitte would honor that assertion.

And then finally with respect to work product itself, it's not that Deloitte's act of auditing or creating the workpapers creates the underlying attorney work product. That was created by the company and its investigative counsel at Hogan. That's the issue of work product here.

It does -- it is reflected -- what the company says is work product is reflected in workpapers in these 39 documents. So the question is does that somehow waive the work product protection, and this is an important issue for auditors and, for that matter, public company clients and all clients because -- and we, we highlighted this in our brief, Your

Honor -- any number of things.

The, the letters that lawyers do to the auditors that say here's this litigation that we're handling, here's the potential outcome, here's the potential damages, the auditors need that information. That's attorney work product. At least most clients take the position that's attorney work product.

Auditing the tax provision, where a company has to say, well, we have to reserve this much or that much because of the litigation risk that the IRS will be able to recover a certain amount, that's attorney work product, those tax opinions.

And, and the case -- and I know Your Honor is -- has read it -- is that, the *United States v. Deloitte* case in the D.C. Circuit. I mean, that was my case. Dow argued it in the Court of Appeals because it was Dow's work product, but in that case, the D.C. Circuit and Judge Sentelle, you know, went through the professional standards and, and said because of those professional standards and because our clients are independent auditors, they cannot be adversaries of the client. We can't be an adversary of Orbital.

So if Orbital had, for example, threatened litigation, we may no longer be -- against us, we may no longer be independent, we may be adverse, but you -- to be independent, you can't be adverse, and the Court walks through exactly why sharing this information with auditors does not

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     waive the work product.
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               So whether the underlying material reflected in the
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     workpapers is work product or not, it's the company's issue,
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     but the fact that it's in our client, in Deloitte's workpapers,
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     that does not constitute a waiver.
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               THE COURT: Thank you.
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               MR. WARDEN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Let me just ask -- I want to take a
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     minute to look at this, and the print is small, but I take it
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     that this privilege log reflects information directly from
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     Orbital because these are not your privileges that you're
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     asserting. So in other words, this is your privilege log in
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     the sense that it was Deloitte that received the subpoena, but
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     the content of this material comes directly from Orbital; is
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     that correct?
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               MR. WARDEN: Correct. So this, this is a log that
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     was prepared by the company.
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                           Thank you.
               THE COURT:
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               MR. WARDEN: Thank you.
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               THE COURT: If you can just give me a moment to look
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     at this --
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               MR. SU: Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: -- so that I can take a minute to absorb
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     it?
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               I'm sorry, you may proceed.
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Thank you, Your Honor. I -- with respect to
          MR. SU:
the, the legal issues of attorney work product documents given
to auditors, I certainly adopt Mr. Warden's arguments, and I
won't repeat them here. If I could just give the Court a, a
factual update as to PwC's productions scheduled for today,
they're on track to be produced today. So there are two
buckets I'll refer the Court to.
          The first is with respect to the 221 documents that
appeared on the older log, we've been coordinating with company
counsel, and they -- of those 221, only 61 remain -- will
remain to be either redacted or withheld, and we'll be
producing the balance of those.
          Of the roughly 7,700 documents that, that counsel has
referred to, PwC will be either redacting or withholding 12.
The company has asked that we redact or withhold 39. The
balance of those will also be produced today, so approximately
7,700.
          We'll also be providing updated privilege logs,
produced in large part by the company, although certainly PwC
has a, a minuscule number of, of items for which we'll also
provide a log.
          THE COURT: To be clear for me --
          MR. SU: Yes.
          THE COURT: -- there are 12 documents that PwC will
be asserting --
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               MR. SU: Yes.
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               THE COURT: -- a privilege for.
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               MR. SU: Of the 7,700.
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               THE COURT: Of the 77.
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               MR. SU: Yes.
               THE COURT: There are 39, as you understand it, that
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     Orbital will be asserting a privilege for.
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               MR. SU: Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Thank you.
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               MR. SU: Yes, Your Honor. So, you know, to the
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     extent that company counsel -- excuse me, that plaintiffs'
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     counsel has focused on the documents, those documents will be
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     coming today.
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               Of course, this is not -- I would just note for Your
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     Honor that this is obviously not the first document production
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     that PwC has made to plaintiffs. You know, we, we very quickly
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     produced the investigation and restatement workpapers.
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     was kind of the first bucket. We also produced a substantial
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     number of audit engagement workpapers, and this is kind of the
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     last crunch of those.
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               And so, so we think that, you know, certainly by the
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     end of today, as we previewed for, you know, plaintiffs earlier
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     in the week, you know, we will have met the, you know, met our
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     obligations under the -- as agreed under the subpoena.
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               THE COURT: Do you have any insight into the third
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     category of documents that I raised with plaintiffs' counsel,
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     which is not the 221 --
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               MR. SU: Sure.
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               THE COURT: -- on the privilege log, not the 7,700
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     that were being reviewed, but this category of unknown
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     documents?
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               Is there a difference of understanding in terms of
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     whether there are some other documents that exist that are not
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     on a log and not otherwise accounted for?
               MR. SU: So I think the answer is there is no
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     difference of understanding. As I understand, what the
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     plaintiffs were referring to was within the 7,700, it was
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     heretofore unknown how many of those would be redacted or
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     withheld.
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               THE COURT: I see. Okay.
               MR. SU: If that makes sense.
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               THE COURT: That's helpful for me, thank you, yes.
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               MR. SU: Okay. Other than that, I think, you know,
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     again, Your Honor, our experience with plaintiffs have been
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     similar to that of Mr. Warden's in the sense that, you know,
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     it's our position that they were aware that there were certain
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     documents that were to be withheld. It's not uncommon in
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     the -- in these document production situations to provide a
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     privilege log at the end of the production.
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               We had certainly flagged the number of documents that
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we -- that were -- the fact that documents were being withheld
and that -- and their number, and so we were also kind of
similarly surprised to, you know, learn of the view that
somehow there had been a waiver here, but, but again, as we
expect that by the end of the day, we'll have met our
obligations under, you know, pursuant to our agreement to
produce the engagement workpapers.
          THE COURT:
                     Thank you.
          MR. SU: Thank you, Your Honor.
          MS. ANDERSON: Good morning, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: Good morning.
          MS. ANDERSON: Paula Anderson for defendant Orbital
     Our brief speaks for itself. I just wanted to address a
few issues that have been raised by plaintiffs' counsel, and,
and I think it's important to sort of go back to where this all
started.
          You know, in their representations a few moments ago,
plaintiffs' counsel, you know, mentioned that this is not about
a privilege log, but if you look at their moving papers, it was
all about a privilege log, and that was the basis, the main
predicate for plaintiffs' motion to compel these workpapers
that were being withheld by the company's outside auditors, you
know, on the basis of privilege being asserted by the company.
          We now know that privilege logs have, in fact, been
produced and, in fact, the Deloitte privilege log had been
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produced prior to the filing of this motion, and so, you know, we, we think that plaintiffs' arguments are largely moot, and to the extent that plaintiffs have, you know, take any issue with the logs, the amended logs that have been provided, you know, we're happy to meet and confer on that issue.
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Plaintiffs argue that they were not required in the first place to meet and confer with us. To the extent that they were meeting and conferring with the auditors, however, it's our position that given that the company is the party which plaintiffs admittedly acknowledge is asserting the privilege, it was important that, for them to meet and confer with us to understand the basis for the assertions of privilege, and we remain ready and willing to do that to the extent the plaintiffs have, you know, any issues with the updated logs that, that have been produced.

And as you've heard this morning, Your Honor, the number of entries on those logs is, you know, quite small, particularly in relation to the number of documents that are, that are being produced. We were very diligent in making sure that we construed the privilege very narrowly given that, the direction that this Court has given us in the, in the prior proceedings on unrelated issues and --

THE COURT: Well, if I may interrupt you --

MS. ANDERSON: Sure.

THE COURT: -- I apologize, but I just want to stay

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     focused and --
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               MS. ANDERSON: Absolutely.
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               THE COURT: -- get to the, the heart of the matter.
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               Do you agree having heard from, from counsel for
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     Deloitte and PwC that what we're looking at right now in terms
     of what's in dispute is a total of 39 documents with regard to
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     the Deloitte production where Orbital has interposed an
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     objection, and those are reflected in the updated log that
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     Mr. Warden handed up to me, that that is -- that that's where
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     we stand with regard to Deloitte, that there is no other
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     dispute or there are no other documents that plaintiff is
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     seeking that Orbital has instructed Deloitte to withhold other
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     than these 39?
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               MS. ANDERSON: That is correct, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Okay.
               MS. ANDERSON: The 39 entries on the Deloitte
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     privilege log, that's the universe of documents over which the
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     company is claiming privilege.
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               THE COURT: And that's where the dispute lies here --
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               MS. ANDERSON: Yes.
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               THE COURT: -- for the Court to resolve.
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               And with regard to PwC, do you agree, as I think
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     counsel just stated, that, that the 221-entry privilege log has
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     now been reduced to 61 items at the request of Orbital, in
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     other words, objections being, being interposed by Orbital, and
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then of the 7,700 that were under review, there are 39
documents that have been identified as being subject to
privilege? Is that -- am I right on the numbers?
          MS. ANDERSON: I, I will make a couple of
corrections. With respect to the, the log that previously
contained 221 documents, my understanding is that number has
now been reduced to 60.
          THE COURT: Okay.
          MS. ANDERSON: 61, if we can reconcile that.
                                                       And
with respect to the 7,700 documents that were being withheld,
we are now only asserting privilege over 29 documents.
          THE COURT: Twenty-nine.
          MS. ANDERSON: Yes.
          THE COURT: Okay. Okay. And with regard to the
privilege log that was handed up to me, are, are you prepared
to answer questions if I ask you about them? The best way for
me to proceed, often I find, is to actually look at an example
and talk about it to try to make sure I'm understanding what's
been done. I don't want to put you on the spot. I don't know
if you were the author of this or the supervisor of the author.
          MS. ANDERSON: I will do my best, Your Honor, to
answer your questions on the log.
          THE COURT: So is it my understanding that now all of
the documents redacted or withheld are based solely on attorney
work product, not attorney-client privilege?
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1 MS. ANDERSON: Yes, that is correct.

THE COURT: Okay. And so if we look, for example, at No. 6, I want to make sure I'm understanding it correctly, it appears that the document is identified as conveying work product and advice of outside counsel regarding internal investigation conducted by Hogan Lovells and Alvarez & Marsal, that that's the internal investigation that's been the subject of lots of discussion here, here in court, and that it was the -- the author is Ken Sharp, and then there are, there are certain recipients on it.

So help me understand, without disclosing the information that you're seeking to, to keep withheld, how that fits into the Court's prior rulings and how the Court can evaluate whether or not that's properly withheld subject to the work product doctrine.

MS. ANDERSON: The company's position, Your Honor, is that, you know, work product, attorney opinion work product that was generated in the course of the internal investigation or, you know, any other related matters that were then -- that was then provided to the auditors for their use in, you know, in carrying out their mandate as the outside independent auditors for the company, did not lose its work product protection merely by the fact that that information was provided to the auditors, and, and as counsel has, you know, mentioned in their -- our prior presentations, you know, there

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is quite a bit of case law out there that supports the idea
that the work product of the company, of the client that's
provided to the auditors does not lose that protection, you
know, merely by, by being disclosed to the auditors.
          THE COURT: Yes, I, I think I understand that
argument, but it begs the question as to whether or not the
information in the first place carried that protection.
          MS. ANDERSON: Sure, absolutely. And as, as we
understand your ruling, Your Honor, the ruling did not
encompass all of, you know, the work product that may have been
generated in the course of the internal investigation, and
maybe that's something, you know, we need clarification on.
It's our understanding that opinion work product, for example,
could still be asserted over, you know, materials that
constituted the mental impressions, conclusions, and opinions
of the attorneys carrying out the investigation.
          Now, we, we do under- --
          THE COURT: And this may be a foolish question, but
Ken Sharp is who exactly? What is his position as the author
of this document?
          MS. ANDERSON: I believe --
          THE COURT: Is he an attorney?
          MR. ROBERTS: I can address that, Your Honor.
Mr. Sharp is an officer of Orbital. However, of course, as
Your Honor is aware, during the course of preparing for
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litigation, internal investigation, often documents are still being reviewed and have input from attorneys even if they're not listed as the author on the particular document.

THE COURT: Thank you.

And I, I picked that example because it actually had an author, but on that first page, 9 of the 11 entries have "Not Applicable" for, for author. I'm trying to understand again how the Court can evaluate this log on its face or how the plaintiffs could challenge the log or whether or not the Court should even hesitate to utter the words "review in camera" any of these documents in order to get a better sense of why they were selected for redaction or being withheld.

MS. ANDERSON: Understood, Your Honor. In, in some cases, the specific author of the documents were not -- was not readily available, but we did try to provide in the description as much detail as possible, you know, surrounding the document and the basis for which the work product protection is being asserted, and, and I might add that these entries are really, you know, no different from the types of entries that are, you know, present on plaintiffs' own privilege logs.

THE COURT: That doesn't help me, though, because until I see a motion to compel for an inadequate privilege log because you believe they've withheld something improperly, it doesn't -- that doesn't help me.

MS. ANDERSON: Sure. Understood, Your Honor.

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And as I mentioned before, the parties have never met
and conferred over any of these entries, and, you know, we've
had not -- we have not had any dialogue with the plaintiffs to
the extent that they might request more information or, you
know, require more detail in order to determine whether to
object to any particular entry, and as I, as I mentioned, we
are happy to do that, but, you know, as the log stands right
now, you know, our position is that, you know, we have
satisfied our obligations under Rule 26(b)(3).
          THE COURT: Thank you.
          MS. ANDERSON: Thank you.
          MR. WARDEN: Your Honor, if I may?
          THE COURT: You may.
          MR. WARDEN: So some of the names of the -- in the
Author column here are Deloitte personnel. So, for example,
David Piper, you go to 20, Melinda Covert, and some of the
others on the last -- a couple of the others on the last page.
I suspect, though I'm not certain, that the "N/A" is because
it's a work paper that's not in the form of a memo. So, for
example, that item No. 7 is likely a memo prepared by David
Piper, and you can, you can tell from the face of it.
          So if, if you think --
          THE COURT: So let me, let me try and clarify the --
I appreciate that, and that helps me because as I look at the
acronyms and the names, they don't necessarily mean anything to
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me. They're not -- it's not clear on the face whether it's a lawyer who drafted it, whether -- it didn't occur to me that they would be Deloitte personnel at all.

It occurred to me that the argument here is that this is work product created by the outside counsel, Hogan Lovells, in connection with the internal investigation being provided to, to Deloitte and that its protectible nature derives from its creation by the outside law firm, which is a subject of great controversy that's been briefed and argued and I have ruled largely against.

And so my question is whether or not the documents that refer to the internal investigation, in fact, simply contain factual information collected during the investigation which carries no protection, which I've already held and assume that that order has been complied with based on representations here today, or whether or not there's something qualitatively different about the information in these documents that somehow would still retain some degree of protection.

MR. WARDEN: So --

THE COURT: It's not really a question for you, Mr. Warden, because it's not really your fight.

MR. WARDEN: I appreciate that, Your Honor, because I, I am far from prepared to answer that, and I think that's really whether it's the opinion work product or fact work product, I'm just trying to help the Court understand some of

the Author column.

So, for example, Dave Piper is a direc-, I believe his position is director, and he prepares a memo based on a number of discussions with the investigator -- investigators, that's, that's likely No. 7. The ones that have "N/A," you know, if you think about workpapers in the olden days, they have -- they were all hard copy, now they're all electronic, so they probably have a preparer who's a, a relatively junior person, then a reviewer or two. So I think that's why some of these are "N/A."

But as to the contents, excuse me, and whether the contents are protected work product or not, I'll, I'll defer to the company on that.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Ms. Anderson, let me have you come back to the podium briefly first. I mean, this is the real question, and I appreciate you're arguing here for the first time, but for better or worse, you're responsible for the position of the, the defendants, and the issue that we addressed before, of course, as I'm sure you're, you're very familiar with, is that the internal investigation the Court found was something that was pursued by the company for a business purpose that it began prior to the instigation of litigation, and the mere fact that companies know they might be sued when there is a financial restatement doesn't by itself provide the protection of, of

work product, and that the factual information collected had to be turned over and has been turned over.

And so the challenge that I have is determining whether or not there are documents here in which Deloitte was given information by Orbital in order to do its job, which again is clearly for a business purpose and required both in order to inform shareholders and to correctly inform the public of what the financial status of the company was and to correct the errors and problems that had arisen.

And the question is if David Piper at Deloitte wrote a document based on information he received from Orbital through its outside and investigative team of Hogan Lovells and the outside auditors, Alvarez & Marsal, was that factual information that was being given to him and then he factored that in and included it in a memo, or was it somehow discussing something that was uniquely attorney opinion and therefore -- and I would note that is a document that says "withheld," not "redacted."

And so is that a, is that a document that you're confident has been withheld after an analysis consistent with what I've articulated and ruled on previously?

MS. ANDERSON: Yes, Your Honor. We made the distinction and, you know, selecting documents over which to claim, you know, work product protection between, you know, you know, work product that consisted basically of a compilation of

- 1 facts that were gathered during the interviews and what we have 2 interpreted as opinion work product, and so what is reflected 3 here on the privilege log is, you know, information, entries 4 that reflect opinion work product that was provided to the 5 auditors that was, you know, generated by the company's counsel during the course of the internal investigation, things that 6 7 included, you know, as I mentioned before, you know, 8 conclusions, opinions, not just a mere recitation of facts from 9 the witness interviews. 10 And we were very careful to parse it that way, 11 particularly given your prior rulings. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. 13 MS. ANDERSON: Thank you. 14 MR. JONES: May I be heard briefly, Your Honor? 15 THE COURT: Yes. MR. JONES: First, we welcome the, the narrowing of 16 17 the issues here. This is, this is the first we've heard some 18 of those details, as so we, we do appreciate that. 19 I do want to, to make one point. I, I take some 20 issue with the idea that we did not meet and confer with 21 company counsel for that. I don't want to get into the details 22 of that, but, but I think that representation has been dealt 23 with in our papers.
  - I think the Court hit on the issue exactly here with what's left. A, a look at the face of the privilege logs that

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we do have shows the deficiency and the assertions that are being made by, by the company. We detailed those deficiencies in our paper to, to PwC's motion -- our motion to PwC's 4 workpapers, and frankly, the company didn't bother to defend it. It pointed to ours, said they did it, too, and I think there's good reason for that. These are not defensible.

As Your, as Your Honor noted, the vast majority of these do not provide an author or provide an author that is an auditor and not outside counsel, you know, hired to conduct the internal investigation or a company personnel, you know, preparing documentations at the, at the direction of counsel.

And none of these assertions -- or none of these descriptions provide an assertion of any of this was prepared in anticipation of litigation.

Moreover, 22 of the 39 documents relate specifically to the internal investigation. And as Your Honor has noted, and you've already addressed this issue and found that that investigation was done for business purposes, and to the extent that factual information is, is contained therein, it needed to be produced.

And I do -- I had not planned to do this, so I do not have a copy, but I, I think it sheds some light on, on what really has been done here. I do have a, a document produced by the company, it's marked "Confidential," so I, I think in compliance with the procedures, this would be, need to be

- 1 sealed, and I -- but it sets forth what, an example of what has
- 2 been redacted in the description on the log that relates to the
- 3 | internal investigation, and if, if Your Honor is willing, I'd
- 4 like to show it to the other side and hand it up to you so you
- 5 have a better context.
- 6 THE COURT: I'm not sure now's the time to do that,
- 7 but I appreciate the offer, and depending on how I resolve this
- 8 matter, I may ask you to submit it in camera.
- 9 MR. JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. Those are the
- 10 points I'd like -- I would make right now. If you have any
- 11 other questions, I'm happy to address them.
- 12 THE COURT: Thank you.
- I'll hear argument on the merger issue. I'm going to
- 14 address how I resolve all these at the end of the hearing.
- 15 Let me see if we can speed things up here. There was
- 16 | a proposal on June 19 to limit the -- or narrow the focus of
- 17 | the request with regard to the merger documents. I believe
- 18 | there's been some difference of opinion over the communication
- 19 | after that, but are the plaintiffs still willing to narrow
- 20 | their requests? I understand that PwC was willing to accept
- 21 that as long as a couple of issues could be resolved, setting
- 22 aside all the other procedural issues here.
- 23 MR. JONES: Yes, Your Honor. We're willing to accept
- 24 a narrowed production of documents consistent with documents,
- 25 merger due diligence documents related to the Lake City

contract and company goodwill.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. SU: So, Your Honor, absolutely respecting the

Court's desire to, to move this up and setting aside the

procedural issues, we have identified a set of workpapers that

relate to the issue -- the Lake City issue and then the

goodwill issue. They comprise approximately 15 documents,

which comprise the company's workpapers, merger due diligence

workpapers on this issue.

I think what we're looking for, Your Honor, in reaching that agreement is two things. One is finality on this question, and we think that the workpapers are absolutely an appropriate way to demonstrate a record of what, what PwC did with respect to those documents -- with respect to that process.

And second, there is a, a reasonable fee issue here, Your Honor, which we, we request, because obviously, there was an extensive process undertaken to identify these 15 documents, and the fact that there is a reimbursement provision as between PwC and Orbital does not relieve plaintiffs of a -- of the obligation under Rule 45 to provide a reasonable reimbursement of fees.

Obviously, there's no intent to double-dip on the fee issue, but because it quite clearly, this is a request from plaintiffs, we would ask that PwC be entitled to fees

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particularly because with respect to both the original production of workpapers of 75 -- or roughly 7,000 documents and this upcoming production today, PwC has not sought fees, and so we've been tried -- trying to be judicious in what fees that we seek, but once we get out of the workpaper zone where there needs to be additional diligence done, we believe that this is an appropriate request. THE COURT: What is that cost? MR. SU: I think it's roughly between 20 to 30 hours of outside counsel attorney time to both work -- to perform the review and, and prepare a set of documents. And so I think if we can achieve finality and have an agreement on costs, you know, we're able to hopefully reach resolution on this topic. Thank you very much. THE COURT: When you say there are approximately 15 documents, is that a reference to -- I believe in the papers,

THE COURT: When you say there are approximately 15 documents, is that a reference to -- I believe in the papers, there was a discussion of whether you would provide the final and complete workpapers or perhaps the final and complete workpapers along with whatever process was involved in getting to that point, so that I think the plaintiffs' argument would be they can see whether there were discrepancies in the information that was being provided to PwC that might have affected the information and the conclusions reached.

MR. SU: Well, if I understand the Court's -- let me see if I can respond and make sure we -- I understand the

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Court's question. Our proposal is that we produce the 15
documents because those would be the documents, the merger
workpapers that relate to Lake City, the Lake City contract and
goodwill, and that was out of a broader set of roughly 200, you
know, documents related to the merger due diligence overall.
          Our proposal would be that we produce those 15
because they relate specifically to the issues that the
plaintiffs are asking about, and certainly as plaintiffs'
counsel noted, there is a 30(b)(6) deposition coming up for us
on the 19th, so there can be appropriate follow-up as
necessary, but our fee request is based on the time necessary
to identify the appropriate set, review that set, identify the
right documents, which are these 15 that we're talking about.
          THE COURT: Yes.
                            Thank you. I appreciate that, but
I think the question that I was trying to ask was those 15
documents --
          MR. SU: Yes.
          THE COURT: -- relate to the subset, the agreed-upon
subset of Lake City and company goodwill --
          MR. SU: Yes.
          THE COURT: -- but do those 15 documents represent
the entire universe of documents related to those two issues or
just the final workpapers?
                  The final, the final workpapers.
          MR. SU:
          THE COURT:
                      Okay.
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MR. SU: And one of the reasons that we were -- not to get back on the process -- the question too long, Your Honor, but one of the issues -- one of the reasons that we wanted to speak with the plaintiffs is, perhaps not surprisingly, they have asked for all documents, and because documents of the subpoena is referenced so, so broadly to, to include -- I mean, the subpoena says to be interpreted in the broadest possible sense under Rule 34, it was necessary for us to try to come to ground on an appropriate scope and a reasonable scope for us to search. Now, once they review those documents, the 15 documents, if there is further follow-up or, or questions, they can either do that with a Rule 30(b)(6) or have you entertain it, but we think that this is an appropriate sequencing of events, particularly as it relates to a third party. THE COURT: Thank you. Thank you, Your Honor. MR. SU: THE COURT: And am I correct in hearing that there is an indemnification agreement or a reimbursement agreement with Orbital but that PwC has not sought that reimbursement yet in connection with this matter? MR. SU: Correct, although that's certainly in process, and I can represent to the Court that with respect to any fees that, that are either agreed upon or ordered by the Court, we certainly would not double-dip or go back to Orbital

to seek those same fees.

THE COURT: Thank you.

3 MR. SU: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. JONES: May I be heard, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. JONES: The Court hit on an important point here. There is a, an important difference between the final set of workpapers or the 15 documents that they have represented that they're willing to produce and the work that underlies that.

As I mentioned before, the company has been clear that they intend to rely on the work of PwC in terms of its opinion with regard to due diligence in, in connection with the merger. In order to refute those -- that defense, we need to understand the full scope of the work, what they did, what they didn't do, what the company told them, what the company didn't tell them.

At a minimum, we need to understand the communications and representations that were made by Alliant to PwC with regard to Lake City contracting, company goodwill. We need to understand the communications between PwC and Orbital with regard to the scope of the work, what was required, what was, what was excluded.

I mean, but that, that is only one part of it. We also need to understand all the underlying work that PwC performed in order to reach its findings and conclusions that

are encompassed in the final workpapers.

I would like to touch on the idea of, of costs. We do not think that shifting of costs here is appropriate. As the Court has mentioned and counsel confirmed, there's an agreement between the company and PwC to reimburse it for its costs, and we believe any shifting of costs to the plaintiffs here would either result in double-dipping or the improper shifting of costs between the parties, who have agreed to bear their own costs with regard to discovery.

So we, we don't believe that's appropriate, and we certainly don't believe that dozens of hours of attorney review time would be appropriately included in any, in any such award.

So with those two issues, I'm happy to address any questions the Court has, but that's all I have for the moment.

THE COURT: Thank you.

With regard to the outstanding documents being withheld with regard to the first two motions for the workpapers from Deloitte and Pricewaterhouse, I regret but will direct the parties to submit a sample for in camera review. I think it's the only fair way the Court can address this issue.

What I'm going to do is I'm going to permit the plaintiffs to select ten entries from the Deloitte privilege log of 39 documents, and I'm going to permit them to select ten documents from the PwC privilege log. We're going to have to address the timing of when they will have that in order to give

them the opportunity to identify them. This way, it will be a selection that is, if they feel there are inadequate entries or problematic issues, they will be able to control which ten I will review. I'm not going to review every single one.

I will review them in camera, and if I find that they are not appropriately documents that have been redacted or withheld, I may well resolve the issue in total; in other words, I will find that all documents will have to be turned over. It is the only efficient mechanism for resolving this.

And so I would like those documents to be selected by close of business today, which means that Pricewaterhouse and Orbital will have to work together to give that final privilege log to plaintiffs so that they can identify those in total twenty documents, ten from Deloitte, ten from Pricewaterhouse.

I will look at them on Monday, and I will issue a ruling by the end of the day if at all possible, so for everyone to keep in mind, because depending on how I resolve it, those documents will then need to be produced or not produced. If I find that they have been appropriately logged, then, then so be it.

I'm going to grant the plaintiffs' motion with regard to the merger papers based on their narrowing of their request to the Lake City contract and the company goodwill. I will, however, require that in addition to the final and complete workpapers, that the underlying workpapers be produced as well.

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I am not going to shift the, the fees in this case,
and I'm sure that Orbital will meet its obligations to
reimburse Pricewaterhouse for the efforts that it has put in if
they are obligated to do so.
          Is there any outstanding issue that I've failed to
address with regard to those first three motions?
          MR. JONES: Your Honor, I have just a clarification
with regards to when we'll receive the PwC privilege log.
order to meet the Court's deadline close of business today,
we'd need some time to, to review it.
          THE COURT: Well, you have the Deloitte privilege
log.
          Counsel, do you have a sense of when you can provide
them with a copy of the final privilege log?
          MR. SU: I think we aim for early this afternoon,
Your Honor, as soon as we get back to the office.
          THE COURT: Okay. By 3:00 today, I expect that the
privilege log will be transmitted to plaintiffs' counsel. You
then have until the close of business to identify the twenty
documents, communicate that to Deloitte, Pricewaterhouse,
Orbital, all three of them, and then I will require that those
documents be provided by Monday at noon. I'm not going to make
you show up at the courthouse at 8:30. They need to be
hand-delivered in camera to chambers, those twenty documents,
ten and ten.
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purely a matter of identifying those documents and organizing
them internally.

MR. SU: Yeah. We'll certainly take a look at it, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Okay. The motion to modify the scheduling order. I think as I read the papers, there originally was an agreement to simply shift the expert disclosure dates and keep the end of fact discovery and all of the related dates for briefing dispositive motions and the pretrial conference on the same schedule, that as a consequence of receiving another set of documents right around the time that you were discussing that, plaintiff shifted to asking essentially to move everything by a month, including fact discovery and the related dates for filing pretrial motions and the final pretrial conference.

Is that a correct summary?

MR. HERMAN: That's correct, Your Honor. We had an agreement to extend the expert discovery -- the expert disclosure date till July 23, which is two weeks from today. In the last -- since mid-June, we've received a substantial amount of documents, and we've learned today that more documents are coming. We can't possibly absorb those documents timely to meet the deposition schedule.

And just -- the position we're in is caused by a failure to adhere to the Court's deadlines, specifically, the

bulk production deadline and the Rule 26(f) report, which was
April 6. We've gotten almost 90 percent of the documents long
after that. The May 1 deadline of substantial completion,
we've received millions of pages of documents long after that,

with documents still being produced by various parties.

So the reason we're here today asking for the relief is because of those deadlines. We've worked diligently. We have 25 lawyers working actively on this case, Your Honor. We are prepared to issue some kind of disclosure today related to the experts. We'd prefer not to have to do that, and the defendants did agree to kick that date two weeks, with Your Honor's permission, but we think we need a full 30 to prepare for the depositions.

On the depositions, we noticed a number of depositions prior to today, prior to July 6, for the simple reason we wanted to include the testimony and the expert reports. The only deposition that's taken place is a 30(b)(6) of Orbital. All of the individual defendants have been kicked to later July, not at our request but at the defendants' request, that the witnesses were unavailable until after the deadline.

So we find ourselves in the position we're in because of the failure to adhere to deadlines, the failure to, to produce discovery timely, and we would ask for Your Honor's indulgence to add time for us to absorb the millions of pages

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of documents that we've got, to prepare the reports adequately so we don't have to do it again, and to take the depositions in a timely manner. THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Roberts? MR. ROBERTS: Your Honor, I won't belabor the course of document discovery, which I think has been laid out in quite excruciating detail in the papers before you, and so I --THE COURT: Excruciating is the right word. MR. ROBERTS: I'm sure it was, Your Honor, and I apologize for having to do that, but it's not normally my experience that when you ask for additional time in a -- for scheduling, that you then include with it dozens of pages, as the plaintiffs did, explaining every possible problem they might have had with discovery in the entire case and forcing us to respond that way. I would prefer not to spend my time that way, I assure you. On that issue, though, Your Honor, I would simply note that as it's laid out in our papers, the reason why they're receiving documents at this time is because they asked for them very late, because they negotiated in a way that's completely inappropriate in this district. That's why these documents are coming at this time. THE COURT: Well, let me ask you this question:

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Deloitte documents. Is there a final, complete privilege log
for the rest of all responsive documents, or is that an ongoing
project? And if so, what is the date that you foresee for
providing them with the final, ultimate, never-to-be-updated
privilege log with regard to discovery in this case?
          MR. ROBERTS: Well, as Your Honor points out, of
course, as you're continuing to produce documents pursuant to
requests, you then have to create a privilege log to, to go
along with it. We believe that by Friday, we will have
satisfied all of the requests and all of the agreements we've
had with plaintiffs to provide documents.
          THE COURT: By this -- a week from today?
          MR. ROBERTS: No, I'm sorry, by today, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: By today, by July 6.
          MR. ROBERTS: I apologize. Today, yes.
          THE COURT: That all responsive documents to all
versions of all requests, modifications, e-mails, whatever it
may be, that Orbital will have satisfied and produced all
documents, is that correct?
          MR. ROBERTS: That's certainly, that's certainly our
intention, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: That's the position you're taking,
representing in open court.
                       That -- well, that is my -- I guess I
          MR. ROBERTS:
would say, Your Honor, as you know how these things go, there's
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always possible -- possibility for strays that have, you know,
that have not come through. And certainly we are doing a, a
privilege review for this last set that we are producing now
today. So there may be an extension into next week as we
create that final privilege log for this final production, and
any strays that come off of that because they have been
determined not to be privileged would be produced as well.
          THE COURT: So, so two things, and I want to make
sure I'm asking the right questions and getting the right
information: You're representing that you're making your best
efforts to produce the documents, to provide the plaintiffs
with the documents for all outstanding issues by the end of
today; is that correct?
          MR. ROBERTS: That's absolutely right.
          THE COURT: And the privilege log for any documents
that are withheld will also be provided today or it will be
provided a subsequent date after the documents themselves have
been produced.
                        Right. A subsequent date, Your Honor,
          MR. ROBERTS:
but we are doing it as quickly as possible and hope to have it
done --
          THE COURT: And what is that date that you foresee
for the final privilege log?
          MR. ROBERTS: Certainly no later than next Friday,
Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: The 13th of July.
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               MR. ROBERTS: Correct.
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               THE COURT: Okay.
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               MR. ROBERTS: But I hope to have it done sooner.
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     are, we are moving as quickly as we can.
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               THE COURT: Thank you.
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               MR. ROBERTS: On the scheduling, Your Honor, I think
     it's pretty clear what happened here. So we did have an
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     agreement with the plaintiffs. They've reversed themselves.
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     And most noticeably, what they reversed themselves on was
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     extending the fact discovery deadline, and when they did that
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     and came to the Court, first they didn't bring to me their new
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     schedule to ask me if I would agree with it. I told them
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     specifically I'd be happy to review it in realtime, no delay.
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     They said: We're not going to show it to you. We're just
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     going to the Court.
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               So I don't think they met their meet and confer
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     requirements. That's why we said that in the papers, and I
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     don't think there's any excuse for that. The e-mails make it
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    perfectly clear what happened.
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               The second thing is, though, is that I think it
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    became clear what their real goal was, and that was to move the
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     fact discovery deadline. Why is that necessary to move it?
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     It's a little unclear. We have all of the depositions
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     scheduled. They have the documents. Plaintiffs have not
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indicated to us that they want to move the depositions to have further time to, to do the documents.

So what becomes clear, and we've obviously flushed them out on this in our papers by raising it with the Court, is that what they actually want to do is ask for more depositions. That's their real goal here in moving the fact discovery deadline.

We disagree with that. We think 15 depositions are adequate here, nor do we think it's an appropriate method of doing that, by basically coming to the Court, saying: We'd like to extend this deadline, we won't tell you why, and then have you later --

THE COURT: Well, let me interrupt you, Mr. Roberts.

Mr. Herman, do you intend to ask for more depositions?

MR. HERMAN: Until we've had a chance to review the several million pages of documents, I can't tell you that we aren't going to ask for more depositions, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MR. ROBERTS: So, Your Honor, that's the conundrum we have. We're, we're perfectly willing to move the date for experts. We're not being unreasonable here. We understand that there's a need to have, you know, more time for the experts to review these materials, but we're, we're not in agreement on the notion that we should have an open-ended sort

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of fact discovery movement of the month and that that can then
be filled in any way the plaintiffs want to fill it. So I
think that's, that's really the crux of our difference here on
this point.
          And I would just add one other item, Your Honor.
                                                            I,
I'm constantly being shocked in this case as to the
representations that are being made, and I'd like to address
just one that was made here today, which is that we had somehow
stuffed depositions of the defendants into the end of the
discovery period.
          Your Honor, I can go through each one. Hollis
Thompson, the plaintiffs asked for July 9. He's on July 10 --
          THE COURT: I have not focused on that issue, but if
you'd like me to focus on it, I can.
          MR. ROBERTS: Well, I -- only, Your Honor, because
they're using this as support for the notion that the fact
discovery deadline has to be moved. I would only say they,
they --
          THE COURT: Well, to be candid with you, Mr. Roberts,
my greatest concern is whether or not we're going to have
another round of motions after we get to the point where
Orbital takes the position that they've provided all of their
documents and that they've provided their final privilege log,
and I'll, I'll address all of those issues in whatever order
comes out today.
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And I'm not saying that we will or that we won't. The history of this case suggests to me that as much as I would like to think that discovery can end and we're -- we've resolved every issue, I'm, I'm hesitant to put too much into that, into that hope, and so I'm trying to fashion a -- the last thing I want to do is extend discovery. It's not good for the Court. But I also want to make sure that we've given everyone a fair shake to get what they need in this case and move towards, towards the ultimate resolution of it on dispositive motions. MR. ROBERTS: Well, and I think I -- I certainly appreciate it, Your Honor. I think I was just getting to the fair shake part, which was to say that, you know, the defendants unilaterally superimposed a bunch of dates, and almost all of those dates within one or two days of the dates we agreed to have the defendants be, be deposed, and so there was no, you know, movement of these dates off to the end or anything of that, of that like. And, in fact, I would note that in the last two weeks of the discovery period, we only, to my knowledge only currently have two depositions in this case that are, that are scheduled for those last two weeks. So it's hardly -- two depositions of, I should say, Your Honor, of individuals which we represent. And so it's not a scenario that, as I see it, where

- we're being crammed on that point.
- THE COURT: Thank you.
- 3 MR. HERMAN: May I make two brief points, Your Honor?
- 4 And I'll sit down.

- First, to clarify what I said, the depositions moved
- 6 from before the expert disclosure date, which is today, to
- 7 after, and we laid it out in our papers. I won't belabor the
- 8 point, but that's, that's exactly what's happened.
- 9 Secondly, we narrowed -- we issued one set of
- 10 | document requests on March 6, and we have consistently narrowed
- 11 | those. We've asked for less search terms, less hits on
- 12 documents, less custodians. If that's more requests, then that
- must be what he's referring to. We've not issued subsequent
- 14 document requests after March 6.
- 15 THE COURT: I understand.
- 16 MR. HERMAN: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
- 17 THE COURT: Thank you.
- This matter is before the Court on motions to modify
- 19 | the scheduling order, and as I think the parties are well
- 20 | aware, motions to extend discovery are disfavored, sometimes
- 21 strongly disfavored, and the parties initially made an effort
- 22 to extend discovery at the outset, and Judge Ellis decided that
- 23 | he would limit that extension, and, you know, we're now having
- 24 to grapple with those challenges.
- I am going to provide relief with regard to the

expert disclosure dates. The plaintiffs are not required to disclose their expert report today.

Extending the fact discovery is the more challenging issue. I'm going to do two things. I'm going to modify the schedule as follows: The plaintiffs' expert report will be due August 6, as requested; the opposition on August 24; rebuttal, if any, on September 7. All expert discovery must be completed by September 14.

I will reluctantly extend the fact discovery until September 7. I believe the date suggested was September 10, which is a Monday. I'm ending fact discovery on September 7.

That will push the other dates as follows: Pretrial motions will be due September 21, oppositions October 5, replies October 12. Oral argument if Judge Ellis decides to hold it will be October 19.

The final pretrial conference will be moved to

November 15. I believe that the third Friday -- the third

Thursday of November is Thanksgiving, and he'll be holding

final pretrials the week before; and therefore, the 26(a)

disclosures will be due November 12 and objections on

November 26.

I'm going to grant this extension with the following limitations: There will be no other extensions of any kind, and I'm foreclosing even asking for such extensions.

I am foreclosing asking for further discovery, and I

believe the plaintiff has emphasized the fact that the only requests made have been the March 6 requests, and everything since then has been an effort to try and obtain those documents. Whether they're viewed as narrowing or expanding is a difference left to the lawyers, but there can be no new requests for discovery.

I am in no way permitting the expansion of the number of depositions, and I am very clearly admonishing counsel to be very careful if there are requests to expand the depositions and that the bar will be set extremely high. As you heard from other motions here this morning, having made strategic decisions earlier in a case does not give you leave to make other decisions later on because you think it might be helpful. It would have to be a demonstration that despite all best efforts, there was no way of possibly knowing that such a deposition would be necessary.

I'm going to require that defendants provide a final and complete privilege log by next Friday at noon. I'm doing so based on counsel's representation that all documents that are not being withheld will have been provided by the end of today.

I'm going to require that all documents be provided, if any are to be provided, after my review of the sample privilege documents on Monday, by Friday at noon the 13th, so that's directed to Deloitte and Pricewaterhouse. If for some

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     reason the issue is not resolved by Monday by close of
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     business, I will address that because I don't want the Court to
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    be creating a problem, but if there are any documents that are
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     to be turned over.
 5
               Actually, let me clarify that. With regard to
     Deloitte and Pricewaterhouse setting aside the privilege log
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 7
     and those documents which will not be turned over unless
     further action by the Court, what is the, the time by which
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 9
     those documents that are outstanding will be provided? Are
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     there any left at all that have not been provided by Deloitte
11
     other than 39 at this point? I don't think so.
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               MR. WARDEN: All, all the workpapers have -- within
13
     the scope of the agreement with plaintiffs have been produced.
14
               THE COURT: Is that correct?
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               MR. JONES: As to workpapers, you're correct. That's
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     correct, Your Honor, but we have continuing discussions with
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     regard to production of e-mails specifically, search terms and
     (inaudible).
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19
               THE COURT: Well, that's not before me, but I
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     recommend that you resolve that as quickly as possible given
21
     the timelines that I'm setting out --
22
               MR. JONES: Yes, Your Honor.
23
               THE COURT: -- but that's fine.
24
               MR. SU: Your Honor, from PwC's perspective, the
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7,700, as aforementioned, will be produced by the end of the

- day. We expect sometime next week to be able to produce the 15 documents that we've talked about.
- I'll just be frank with Your Honor, the underlying
  workpapers may be a bit of a challenge as we try to get our
  arms around them, even if there are any that exist, but we'll
  undertake to do that as soon as possible, but there's no
  question the 15 will be produced next week.
- 8 THE COURT: Okay. And I'll require that they be 9 produced by Friday at noon on the 13th.
- MR. SU: Yes, Your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: Is there any outstanding issue that I
  12 have failed to address this morning on the part of the
  13 plaintiffs?
- MR. HERMAN: The only open issue, Your Honor, would be the motion to seal, and we can stand on the papers unless you would like to hear argument on that.
- 17 THE COURT: I do not need to hear argument on motions
  18 to seal, thank you.
- 19 MR. ROBERTS: Your Honor, if I may add just a couple 20 of clarifying points?
- 21 THE COURT: Yes.
- MR. ROBERTS: Your Honor, as I, as I noted when we talked previously, the -- one thing about a privilege review, of course, is you're looking over the documents to see whether they should be put on a privilege log or should otherwise be

1 produced, so, of course, what would also happen next week would

2 be the production of any documents that have been determined

3 | not to be privileged and were not on a log, and I just wanted

4 to clarify that point because Your Honor had said by today,

5 all, all documents being produced.

THE COURT: That's fine. I understand that. I would expect that whatever documents may come off the privilege list next week would be far smaller than the documents produced today.

MR. ROBERTS: Of course, Your Honor.

The other thing, Your Honor, I would like to just make sure to raise is that, of course, you had ordered a production today of documents largely from third parties, in fact, entirely from third parties: Dickinson Wright, Hogan Lovells, and Alvarez & Marsal, the entities that were in attendance at these witness interviews, and you had ordered the production of all notes, all draft memos of those witness interviews to be produced today.

My understanding is that all of those entities indeed are producing those materials today, but I did want to seek in light of Your, Your Honor's comments today a little bit of clarification on that because I don't think those -- those entities are not to my knowledge producing all factual information related to the investigation. They are producing those categories: notes, draft memos, everything going towards

these witness -- the raw materials that led up to the formation of the witness interview reports.

And I think if there is -- I don't believe anything more than that was before Your Honor, and I believe that's consistent with everything that, that you said, but I certainly want to make sure that we are -- we and these other entities, these third-party entities are not missing any further instructions that you are looking for on, on that topic.

THE COURT: I'm not sure -- you know, it's not been briefed. It's not before me. I'm not sure that it's helpful for me to provide an advisory view on that.

MR. ROBERTS: No, I, I appreciate that, Your Honor. I just, of course, we're very sensitive to the notion that we want to make sure we are producing exactly, you know, what's required to be produced, and so --

THE COURT: Well, the best way to solve that problem is to err on the side of producing more rather than less.

MR. ROBERTS: Well, of course, Your Honor, and we, we had instructed all of these third-party entities and given them the exact language that was contained in, in Your Honor's remarks on June 25 to do so. So I guess I want to say that we are clearly doing our, our best to convey that. I know that the plaintiffs have also conveyed their views as well, at least to Alvarez & Marsal, so, you know, we're doing our best on this, on this topic.

THE COURT: This raises an important point that I will end with. This is a case in which I think the parties should make yet another attempt to resolve it. There's been a lot of money and time spent on this case, and there is still a lot of money and time to be spent on this case.

I know that the parties engaged in a good faith effort to resolve it through a private mediator and that that was not successful; however, this Court is always willing to provide an opportunity for the parties to have a mediation that doesn't cost anybody any money, and I'm certainly willing to do that.

Given the nature of the case and the fact that there has been so much litigation of a non-dispositive nature and that there's the possibility that there could be more, I would not in any way fault the parties for wanting to have someone else mediate a settlement conference if you felt that that was worthwhile. I'm not requiring it, but I do think that it would be worthwhile.

My colleague, Judge Brinkema, occasionally, especially in complicated matters, and this would qualify, has been willing to mediate settlements, and she would be willing to do so in this case, and she has time. I'm not suggesting that you're required to go to her over me, but I wouldn't -- I would encourage you to discuss this when you leave. It might be a good time, and she may have the ability to fit you in to

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    do that.
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               So that is what I will leave you with. I will issue
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     an order promptly. I will expect the sample documents to be
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     provided by Monday at noon, and I hope that you'll be able to
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    pursue the rest of discovery without needing intervention of
     the Court.
 6
 7
               MR. ROBERTS:
                             Thank you, Your Honor.
 8
                        Thank you, Your Honor.
               A VOICE:
 9
               A VOICE:
                        Thank you.
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               A VOICE: Thank you, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Mr. Reilly, do you want to address the
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     Court?
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               MR. REILLY: I have one quick question, and we'll
     discuss this among counsel. We had talked about the last time
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15
     a hearing date for the class certification motion, whether the
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     Court wants to consider the date. The briefing schedule for
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     that stays the same under your modified schedule. Just rather
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     than jam a date on --
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               THE COURT: There's no reason to change it, is there?
20
               MR. REILLY: The briefing schedule, not at all, Your
21
    Honor.
22
               THE COURT: For a class certification.
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               MR. REILLY: That's all --
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THE COURT: And you don't have an oral argument date

scheduled with Judge Ellis for that?